71. We use Eq. 8-20.

(a) The force at x = 2.0 m is

$$F = -\frac{dU}{dx} \approx -\frac{-(17.5) - (-2.8)}{4.0 - 1.0} = 4.9 \,\mathrm{N}.$$

(b) The force points in the +x direction (but there is some uncertainty in reading the graph which makes the last digit not very significant).

(c) The total mechanical energy at x = 2.0 m is

$$E = \frac{1}{2}mv^{2} + U \approx \frac{1}{2}(2.0)(-1.5)^{2} - 7.7 = -5.5$$

in SI units (Joules). Again, there is some uncertainty in reading the graph which makes the last digit not very significant. At that level (-5.5 J) on the graph, we find two points where the potential energy curve has that value — at  $x \approx 1.5$  m and  $x \approx 13.5$  m. Therefore, the particle remains in the region 1.5 < x < 13.5 m. The left boundary is at x = 1.5 m.

(d) From the above results, the right boundary is at x = 13.5 m.

(e) At x = 7.0 m, we read  $U \approx -17.5$  J. Thus, if its total energy (calculated in the previous part) is  $E \approx -5.5$  J, then we find

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = E - U \approx 12 \text{ J} \Rightarrow v = \sqrt{\frac{2}{m}(E - U)} \approx 3.5 \text{ m/s}$$

where there is certainly room for disagreement on that last digit for the reasons cited above.